



# CD316 Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-14038
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	IGSF8
<b>Protein Name</b>	Immunoglobulin superfamily member 8
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human IGSF8. AA range:451-500
<b>Specificity</b>	CD316 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD316 protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	IGSF8; CD81P3; EWI2; KCT4; Immunoglobulin superfamily member 8; IgSF8; CD81 partner 3; Glu-Trp-Ile EWI motif-containing protein 2; EWI-2; Keratinocytes-associated transmembrane protein 4; KCT-4; LIR-D1; Prostaglandin regulatory-like protein; PGRL; CD316
<b>Observed Band</b>	65kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cell membrane ; Single-pass membrane protein.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Expressed in brain, kidney, testis, liver and placenta with moderate expression in all other tissues. Detected on a majority of B-cells, T-cells, and natural killer cells but not on monocytes, polynuclear cells and platelets.
<b>Function</b>	domain:The Ig-like C2-type domains 3 and 4 are required for interaction with CD81.,function:May play a key role in diverse functions ascribed to CD81 and CD9 such as oocytes fertilization or hepatitis C virus function. May regulate proliferation and differentiation of keratinocytes. May be a negative regulator of cell motility: suppresses T-cell mobility coordinately with CD81, associates with CD82 to suppress prostate cancer cell migration, regulates epidermoid cell reaggregation and motility on laminin-5 with CD9 and CD81 as key linkers. May also play a role on integrin-dependent morphology and motility functions. May participate in the regulation of neurite outgrowth and maintenance of the neural network in the adult brain.,similarity:Contains 4 Ig-like C2-type



(immunoglobulin-like) domains.,subunit:Interacts directly with CD82, CD81/tetraspanin-28 and CD9/tetraspanin-29. Also interac

### Background

This gene encodes a member the EWI subfamily of the immunoglobulin protein superfamily. Members of this family contain a single transmembrane domain, an EWI (Glu-Trp-Ile)-motif and a variable number of immunoglobulin domains. This protein interacts with the tetraspanins CD81 and CD9 and may regulate their role in certain cellular functions including cell migration and viral infection. The encoded protein may also function as a tumor suppressor by inhibiting the proliferation of certain cancers. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011],

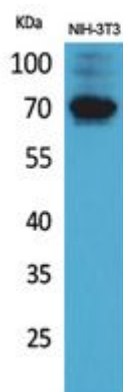
### matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

### Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images



Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using CD316 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000